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Bishop-fish

The **sea bishop** or **bishop-fish** was a type of <u>sea monster</u> reported in the 16th century. According to legend, it was taken to the <u>King of Poland</u>, who wished to keep it. It was also shown to a group of <u>Catholic bishops</u>, to whom the bishop-fish gestured, appealing to be released. They granted its wish, at which point it made the <u>sign of the cross</u> and disappeared into the sea.

Another was supposedly captured in the ocean near <u>Germany</u> in 1531. It refused to eat and died after three days. It was described and pictured in the fourth volume of <u>Conrad Gesner</u>'s famous <u>Historiae animalium</u>, published in 1551 - 58 and 1587.

Cryptozoologist <u>Bernard Heuvelmans</u> believed the report was based on the discovery of a large mutilated Grimaldi scaled squid. [1]



The bishop-fish in Johann
Zahn's 1696 work Specula
physico-mathematicohistorica notabilium ac
mirabilium sciendorum

See also

- Oannes (mythology)
- Jenny Haniver
- Sea monk

References

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- Gesner, C. Historiae Animalium

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This page was last edited on 25 May 2022, at 12:07 (UTC).

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